
Sympathetic cooling of trapped ions for high resolution spectroscopy

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Abstract

The overall goal of our experiment is to yield a direct measurement of the fundamental constant the proton to electron mass ratio μ_{pe} and to test the theory of QED. In order to determine μ_{pe} we plan to measure a rovibrational Doppler-free two-photon transition ($v=0, L=2$ to $v=1, L=2$) in the the molecular hydrogen H_2^+ . The precision of the measurement is limited by the second order Doppler effect. In order to reduce the second order Doppler effect the H_2^+ ions need to be trapped and cooled. Since molecular ions cannot be directly laser-cooled, sympathetic cooling via laser-cooled Be^+ ions was implemented. In this talk I will first present an overview of the planned experiment and then the work that has been done in order to trap and cool Be^+ . Thereafter I will present first results in the form of Coulomb crystals and I will finish by discussing the future of our experiment.

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